

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIM™ EC HERBICIDE



MSDS Ref. No.: 128639-02-1-13

Date Approved: 06/10/2009

Revision No.: 9

This document has been prepared to meet the requirements of the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. The information contained herein is for the concentrate as packaged, unless otherwise noted.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:	AIM™ EC HERBICIDE
PRODUCT CODE:	6165
ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):	Carfentrazone-ethyl
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Triazolinone
MOLECULAR FORMULA:	C ₁₅ H ₁₄ N ₃ O ₃ F ₃ Cl ₂ (carfentrazone-ethyl)
SYNONYMS:	FMC 116426; F8426; Ethyl 2-chloro-3-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-[4-(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]phenyl]-propanoate; IUPAC: 2-chloro-3-[2-chloro-5-(4-difluoromethyl-3-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-[1,2,4] triazol-1-yl)-4-fluoro-phenyl] propionic acid ethyl ester, or Ethyl 2-chloro-3-[2-chloro-5-(4-difluoromethyl-3-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-[1,2,4] triazol-1-yl)-4-fluoro-phenyl] propionate

MANUFACTURER

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EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

(800) 331-3148 (Medical - U.S.A. & Canada)
(651) 632-6793 (Medical - Collect - All Other Countries)

For leak, fire, spill, or accident emergencies, call:
(800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A. & Canada)
(703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Collect - All Other Countries)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

- Brown-orange liquid with an aromatic solvent odor.
- Possible cancer hazard - may cause cancer based on animal data
- Moderately combustible. May support combustion if heated above the product's flash point (see Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" below).
- Thermal decomposition and burning may form toxic by-products.

- For large exposures or fire, wear personal protective equipment.
- Highly toxic to algae and toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Keep out of drains and water courses.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS: Effects from overexposure may result from swallowing, breathing or coming into contact with the skin or eyes. Symptoms of overexposure include pinpoint pupils, muscular incoordination, labored breathing, tearing, and diarrhea.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: None presently known.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	Wt. %	EC No.	EC Class
Carfentrazone-ethyl	128639-02-1	22.37	None	N; R50/53
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	30 - 60	265-199-0	Xn-N; R10-37-51/53-65-66-67
Naphthalene	91-20-3	5 - 10	202-049-5	Xn-N; R22-40-50/53
Surfactant Blend		3 - 7	None	Not classified
Calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate	26264-06-2	1 - 5	247-557-8	Xi; R38-41
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - <1	202-436-9	Xn-N; R10-20-36/37/38-51/53

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation occurs and persists.

INGESTION: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting and do not give liquids of any kind to the person. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulty or discomfort occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

NOTES TO MEDICAL DOCTOR: This product has low oral dermal and inhalation toxicity. It is mildly irritating to the skin and eyes. This product contains light aromatic hydrocarbons that can produce a severe pneumonitis or fatal pulmonary edema if aspirated during vomiting. Consideration should be given to gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place. Treatment is otherwise controlled removal of exposure followed by symptomatic and supportive care.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, CO₂ or dry chemical. Soft stream water fog only if necessary. Contain all runoff.

FIRE / EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Moderately combustible. When heated above the flash point, this material releases vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Isolate fire area. Evacuate downwind. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

RELEASE NOTES: Isolate and post spill area. Remove nearby ignition sources (such as smoking, matches or open flames). Wear protective clothing and respiratory protection as prescribed in Section 8, "Exposure Controls/Personal Protection" below. Keep unprotected persons and animals out of the area.

Keep material out of lakes, streams, ponds and sewer drains. Dike to confine spill and absorb with a non-combustible absorbent such as clay, sand or soil. Vacuum, shovel or pump waste into a drum and label contents for disposal.

To clean and neutralize spill area, tools and equipment, wash with a suitable solution of caustic or soda ash, and an appropriate alcohol (i.e., methanol, ethanol or isopropanol). Follow this by washing with a strong soap and water solution. Absorb, as above, any excess liquid and add to the drums of waste already collected. Repeat if necessary. Dispose of drummed waste according to the method outlined in Section 13, "Disposal Considerations".

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Do not use or store near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Store in original containers only. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Supplier
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic			18 ppm
Naphthalene	10 ppm (TWA) 15 ppm (STEL)	10 ppm (TWA) 50 mg/m ³ (TWA)	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	25 ppm (TWA)		

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use local exhaust at all process locations where vapor or mist may be emitted. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: For splash, mist or spray exposure, wear chemical protective goggles or a face shield.

RESPIRATORY: For splash, mist or spray exposures wear, as a minimum, a properly fitted half-face or full-face air-purifying respirator which is approved for pesticides (U.S. NIOSH/MSHA, EU CEN or comparable certification organization). Respirator use and selection must be based on airborne concentrations.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Depending upon concentrations encountered, wear coveralls or long-sleeved uniform and head covering. For larger exposures as in the case of spills, wear full body cover barrier suit, such as a PVC suit. Leather items - such as shoes, belts and watchbands - that become contaminated should be removed and destroyed. Launder all work clothing before reuse (separately from household laundry).

GLOVES: Wear chemical protective gloves made of materials such as nitrile or neoprene. Thoroughly wash the outside of gloves with soap and water prior to removal. Inspect regularly for leaks.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin prior to eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Shower at the end of the workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR:	Aromatic solvent
APPEARANCE:	Brown-orange liquid
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not applicable
BOILING POINT:	Not applicable
COEFFICIENT OF OIL / WATER:	Not applicable
DENSITY / WEIGHT PER VOLUME:	9.0 lb/gal. (1080 g/L)
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available
FLASH POINT:	79.9 °C (176 °F) (CC)
FREEZING POINT:	Not available
MELTING POINT:	Not available
MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	412.2 (carfentrazone-ethyl)
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not available
pH:	5.3 (1% aqueous solution)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.08 @ 20 °C (water = 1)
VAPOR PRESSURE:	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Excessive heat and fire.
STABILITY:	Stable
POLYMERIZATION:	Will not occur
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:	Strong oxidizing agents
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS: Mildly irritating (rabbit)

SKIN EFFECTS: Mildly irritating (rabbit)

DERMAL LD₅₀: > 4,000 mg/kg (rat)

ORAL LD₅₀: 4,077 mg/kg (rat)

INHALATION LC₅₀: > 6.31 mg/l (4 h) (rat) Zero mortality

ACUTE EFFECTS FROM OVEREXPOSURE: This product has low oral, dermal and inhalation toxicity. It is mildly irritating to the skin and eyes. Signs of toxicity in laboratory animals included mydriasis, cyanosis, ataxia, dyspnea, lacrimation, and diarrhea. Inhalation of aromatic hydrocarbon vapors may cause dizziness, disturbances in vision, drowsiness, respiratory irritation, and eye, skin and mucous membrane irritation. Vomiting after ingestion of this product may cause aspiration of aromatic hydrocarbons into the lungs, which may result in fatal pulmonary edema. Naphthalene, if ingested, may cause red blood cell hemolysis, especially in individuals with glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency.

CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM OVEREXPOSURE: No data available for the formulation. In studies with laboratory animals, carfentrazone-ethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity, teratogenicity, or carcinogenicity. An overall absence of genotoxicity has been demonstrated in tests of mutagenicity, DNA damage and chromosome aberrations. Chronic exposure to aromatic hydrocarbons may cause headaches, dizziness, loss of sensations or feelings (such as numbness), and liver and kidney damage. Naphthalene causes cataracts in humans, rats, rabbits and mice. In 2-year inhalation studies conducted by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), there was no evidence of carcinogenic activity of naphthalene in male mice, there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity in female mice and there was clear evidence of carcinogenic activity in male and female rats. Inhalation studies conducted by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) have found that there is inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans, therefore, IARC has classified naphthalene as a Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans); however, IARC has found that there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Chemical Name	IARC	NTP	OSHA	Other
Naphthalene	2B	Anticipated Carcinogen	Not listed	(ACGIH) Not listed

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available for the formulation. Data presented below are based on the active ingredient.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: Carfentrazone-ethyl is rapidly degraded in soil (DT50 < 1.5 days) through microbial degradation, initially by hydrolysis to F8426-chloropropionic acid, and then through further side-chain degradation to other acids. Based on field studies, carfentrazone-ethyl and its major metabolite, F8426-chloropropionic acid, are confined to the top soil layer, indicating only slight mobility in soil. Carfentrazone-ethyl is hydrolytically unstable in base (half-life of 5.1 hours), with stability increasing with decreasing pH. It is susceptible to photolytic degradation in water, with a half-life of 8.3 days (pH 5). The Log Pow is 3.36 and the measured bioconcentration factor in whole fish is 159, both indicating a low potential for accumulation. Its vapor pressure is 1.19 x 10⁻⁷ torr, indicating that volatility is not a concern with this chemical.

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Carfentrazone-ethyl is very toxic to algae (EC50: 5.7 to 17 µg/L), and much less toxic to fish (LC50: 1.6 to 2.0 mg/L), and aquatic crustacea (LC50 > 9.8 mg/L). Care should be taken to avoid contamination of the aquatic environment. In a test with

earthworms, carfentrazone-ethyl was shown to cause no effects at concentrations up to 820 mg/kg in soil. Carfentrazone-ethyl shows little toxicity to birds either orally (LD50 > 2,250 mg/kg), or in the diet (LC50 > 5,620 ppm). Similarly, carfentrazone-ethyl has low toxicity to bees (no death at 200 µg/bee).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Open dumping or burning of this material or its packaging is prohibited. If spilled material cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, an acceptable method of disposal is to incinerate in accordance with local, state and national environmental laws, rules, standards and regulations. However, because acceptable methods of disposal may vary by location and regulatory requirements may change, the appropriate agencies should be contacted prior to disposal.

EMPTY CONTAINER: Non-returnable containers that held this material should be cleaned, prior to disposal, by triple rinsing. Containers which held this material may be cleaned by being triple-rinsed, and recycled, with the rinsate being incinerated. Do not cut or weld metal containers. Vapors that form may create an explosion hazard.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)

PACKAGING TYPE:	Non-Bulk
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:	When shipped in packages containing less than 116.9 gallons of material, this product is not a hazardous material as defined by US Department of Transportation at 49 CFR Parts 100 through 185. If shipped in packages containing greater than 116.9 gallon this product should be shipped as a combustible liquid.
PACKAGING TYPE:	Bulk
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Combustible liquid, n.o.s.
TECHNICAL NAME(S):	Aromatic hydrocarbons
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS / DIVISION:	3
UN/NA NUMBER:	NA 1993
PACKING GROUP:	III
MARINE POLLUTANT:	Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene
LABEL(S):	3

PLACARD(S): Combustible
MARKING(S): 1993, Marine Pollutant
REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): Naphthalene - 100 lbs. / 45.4 kg

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS (IMDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
TECHNICAL NAME(S): Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS / DIVISION: 9
UN/NA NUMBER: UN 3082
PACKING GROUP: III
MARINE POLLUTANT: Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene
LABEL(S): 9
PLACARD(S): 9
MARKING(S): Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (carfentrazone-ethyl, naphthalene), UN 3082 + Marine Pollutant
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: EmS Number: F-A, S-F

ADR - EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
TECHNICAL NAME(S): Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS / DIVISION: 9
CLASSIFICATION CODE: M6
UN/NA NUMBER: UN3082
PACKING GROUP: III
HAZARD IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 90
MARINE POLLUTANT: Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene
LABEL(S): 9
PLACARD(S): 9
MARKING(S): UN 3082 + Marine Pollutant

**INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION (ICAO) /
INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA)**

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Environmentally hazardous substance,
liquid, n.o.s.

TECHNICAL NAME(S): Carfentrazone-ethyl, Naphthalene

PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS / DIVISION: 9

UN/NA NUMBER: UN3082

PACKING GROUP: III

LABEL(S): 9

OTHER INFORMATION:

CANADIAN TRANSPORT (TDG):

This material is not regulated when transported by road in Canada.

HARMONIZED SYSTEM:

Import to the U.S.A.: 3808.93.1500

Export from the U.S.A.: 3808.93.0000

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**UNITED STATES****SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)****SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 355, APPENDIX A):**

Not listed

SECTION 311 HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370):

Immediate, Delayed, Fire

SECTION 312 THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (40 CFR 370):The Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) for this product, if treated as a mixture, is 10,000 lbs;
however, this product contains the following ingredients with a TPQ of less than 10,000 lbs.:

None

SECTION 313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS (40 CFR 372):This product contains the following ingredients subject to Section 313 reporting requirements:
Naphthalene**TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)****TSCA INVENTORY STATUS (40 CFR 710):**

Not all components listed

FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE RODENTICIDE ACT

U.S. EPA Signal Word: CAUTION

U.S. STATES**California Prop 65:**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

CANADA**WHMIS (WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM):**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Hazard Classification / Division: D2A
D2B
B3

Domestic Substance List: Not all components listed

HAZARD AND RISK PHRASE DESCRIPTIONS:

EC Symbols:	Xn	(Harmful)
	Xi	(Irritant)
	N	(Dangerous for the environment)
EC Risk Phrases:	R10	(Flammable)
	R20	(Harmful by inhalation.)
	R22	(Harmful if swallowed.)
	R36/37/38	(Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.)
	R37	(Irritating to respiratory system.)
	R38	(Irritating to skin)
	R40	(Possible risks of irreversible effects.)
	R41	(Risk of serious damage to eyes.)
	R50/53	(Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.)
	R51/53	(Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.)
	R65	(Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.)
R66	(Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.)	
R67	(Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.)	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	0
Special	None

No special requirements

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Degree of Hazard Code:

4 = Extreme

3 = High

2 = Moderate

1 = Slight

0 = Insignificant

REVISION SUMMARY:

This MSDS replaces Revision #8, dated November 12, 2007.

Changes in information are as follows:

Section 2 (Hazards Identification)

Section 3 (Composition / Information on Ingredients)

Section 4 (First Aid Measures)

Section 8 (Exposure Controls / Personal Protection)

Section 14 (Transport Information)

Section 15 (Regulatory Information)

Section 16 (Other Information)

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